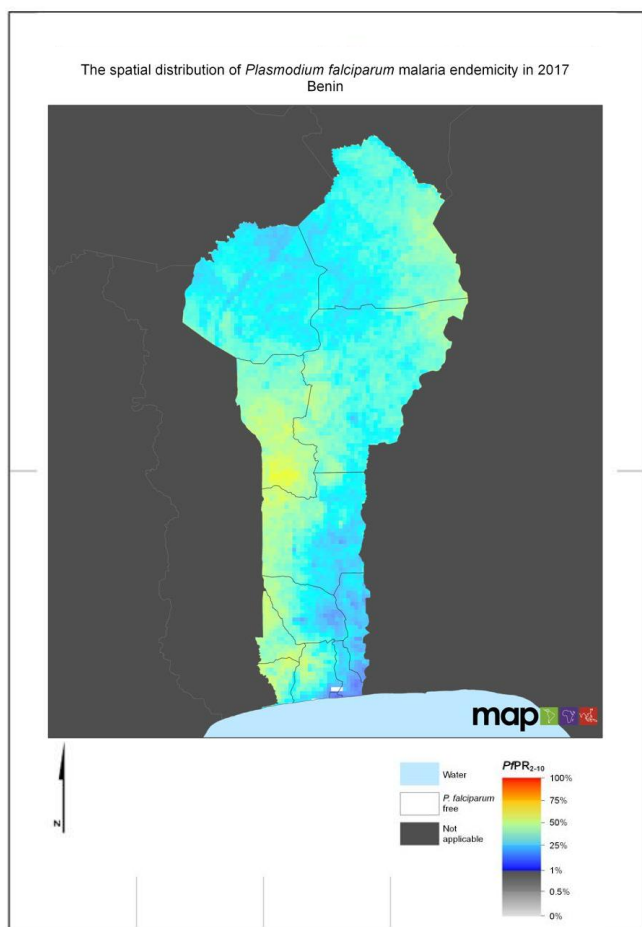


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria is endemic throughout Benin. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,719,171 with 2,182 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2019 projection (% of need)	70
Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	99
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2018 (CPIA Cluster D)	3.3
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	4
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010–2017)	
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010–2017)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)	77
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	61
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	44
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	78
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	78
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	41
Vitamin A Coverage 2017 (2 doses)	99
DPT3 coverage 2018 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	76

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data
	Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Benin has distributed sufficient LLINs to achieve universal operational coverage of the targeted at risk population. The country has successfully raised resources for the financing of the required number of RDTs and ACTs in 2019. Benin has scaled up implementation of iCCM. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO. Benin has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Scorecard.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,719,171 with 2,182 deaths.

Key Challenges

- Insecticide resistance threatens vector control effectiveness.

RMNCAH

Progress

Benin has made good progress on tracer RMNCAH interventions, in particular skilled birth attendants, vitamin A and postnatal care coverage, and has recently increased coverage of ARTs in both children and in the total population.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Benin is measured by using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage for trachoma in Benin is high (97%) and good for lymphatic filariasis (82%), onchocerciasis (74%), schistosomiasis (74%) and for soil transmitted helminths (62%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Benin in 2017 is 77 and shows substantial increase over the 2016 index value (58).