Burundi ALMA Quarterly Report
Quarter Three, 2018

AFRICAN LEADERS
MALARIA ALLIANCE : ALMA

Scorecard for Accountability and Action

Malaria Parasite Prevalence Rate (%)

Water

P. falciparum free

*Pf*API < 0.1‰

$Pf\mathrm{PR}_{2\text{-}10}$
70%

0%

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2018 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	▲	100
Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)		100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)		2.3

Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact		
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		3
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	▲	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	▲	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)		
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		100
Reduced Malaria Incidence by >40% by 2020 (vs 2015) (projected)		

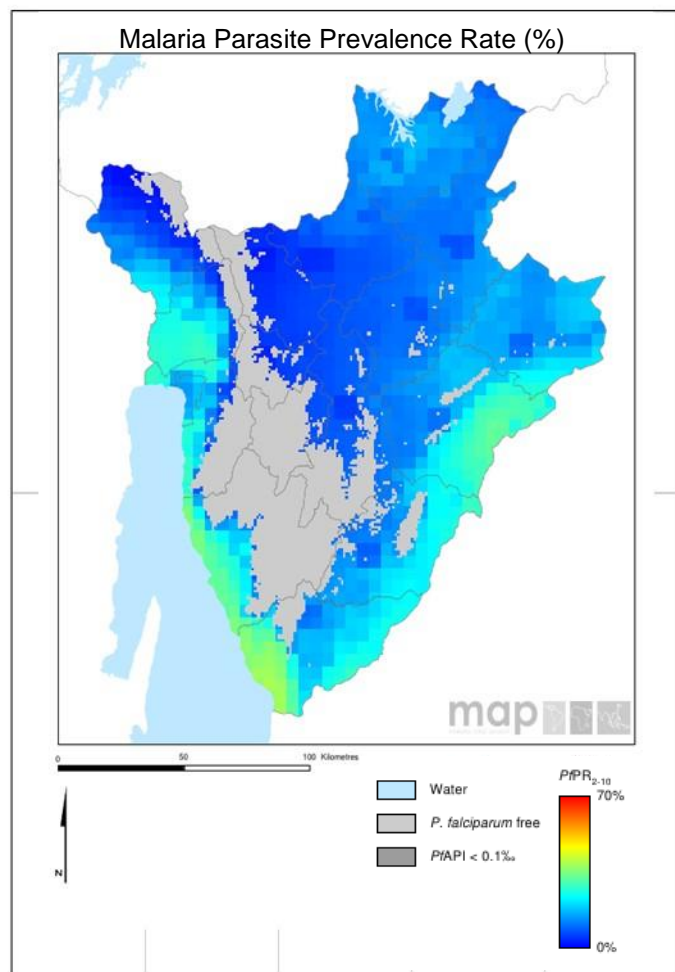| Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2016)	16
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	77
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	38
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	85
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	51
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	83
Vitamin A Coverage 2016 (2 doses)	78
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	91

In Burundi, about 24% of the population is at high risk for malaria and nearly 22% live in malaria-free highland areas. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 8,383,389 with 5,853 deaths.

Key

Target achieved or on track
Progress but more effort required
Not on track
No data
Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Burundi procured sufficient LLINs to achieve universal coverage. The country secured sufficient resources to procure the required LLINs, RDTs and ACTs required in 2018. Burundi has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Control Scorecard. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has recently reported the results to WHO. Burundi has also recently developed an insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan. Malawi has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Control Scorecard.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 8,383,389 with 5,853 deaths.

Key Challenge

- The country has experienced a malaria upsurge from 2015.
- Gaps to further scale up IRS.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

The country has responded positively to the recommended action addressing malaria upsurges and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

MNCH and NTDs

Progress

Burundi has achieved high coverage of tracer MNCH interventions, including exclusive breastfeeding, DPT3 and skilled birth attendance. Burundi significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Burundi is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Burundi is high for onchocerciasis (80%), schistosomiasis (91%), and soil transmitted helminths (96%); however, coverage for trachoma is low (0%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Burundi in 2016 is 16 and this represents no change over the 2015 index value (16).

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Burundi has responded positively to the MNCH recommended actions addressing low coverage of ART coverage in children, with increases in coverage reported, and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented. The country has also responded positively to the NTD recommended action addressing low Preventive Coverage and is tracking progress as these actions are implemented.