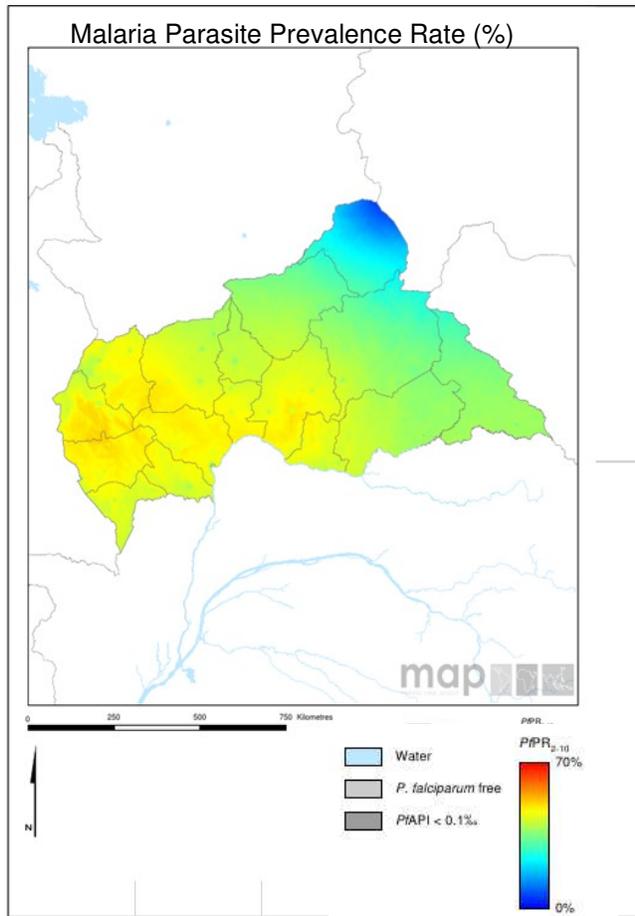


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



There is intense malaria transmission all year round in the Central African Republic and the entire population of the country is at high risk. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,267,673 with 3,689 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	45
Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	82
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.3
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	3
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010–2017)	
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010–2017)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)	
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	32
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	25
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	40
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	33
Vitamin A Coverage 2016 (2 doses)	2
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	47

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data
	Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Central African Republic secured the required resources required for LLINs and most of the resources for RDTs in 2019. Central African Republic has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve 100% operational coverage. The country has decreased the estimated malaria mortality rate by more than 40% since 2010.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,267,673 with 3,689 deaths.

Key Challenges

- Limited access to some at-risk populations is hampering coverage of malaria control interventions.
- Limited resources to further scale-up interventions.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Central African Republic has responded positively to the recommended action on development and implementation of a national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan and reporting on the status of insecticide resistance monitoring to WHO.

RMNCAH and NTDs

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Central African Republic is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Central African Republic is reasonable for trachoma (32%) and for soil transmitted helminths schistosomiasis (31%), however, the country has not reported data for onchocerciasis, lymphatic filariasis and schistosomiasis to WHO.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
RMNCAH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	a) Prioritise the collection of postnatal care data	Q1 2013	Red	No progress reported
	b) Investigate and address the reasons for the decrease in skilled birth attendants	Q1 2019		No progress reported
NTDs	As a priority, submit the data on Preventive Chemotherapy (PC) coverage of Schistosomiasis, Onchocerciasis and Lymphatic Filariasis to WHO	Q1 2019	Green	The NTD programme managed to collect only 40% of all MDA reports due to difficult access to localities affected by instability but is working hard to collect and compile all the due reports by the Q2 2019

¹ RMNCAH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO

Central African Republic has responded positively to the RMNCAH recommended action addressing low coverage of ARTs in the whole population and in children and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due