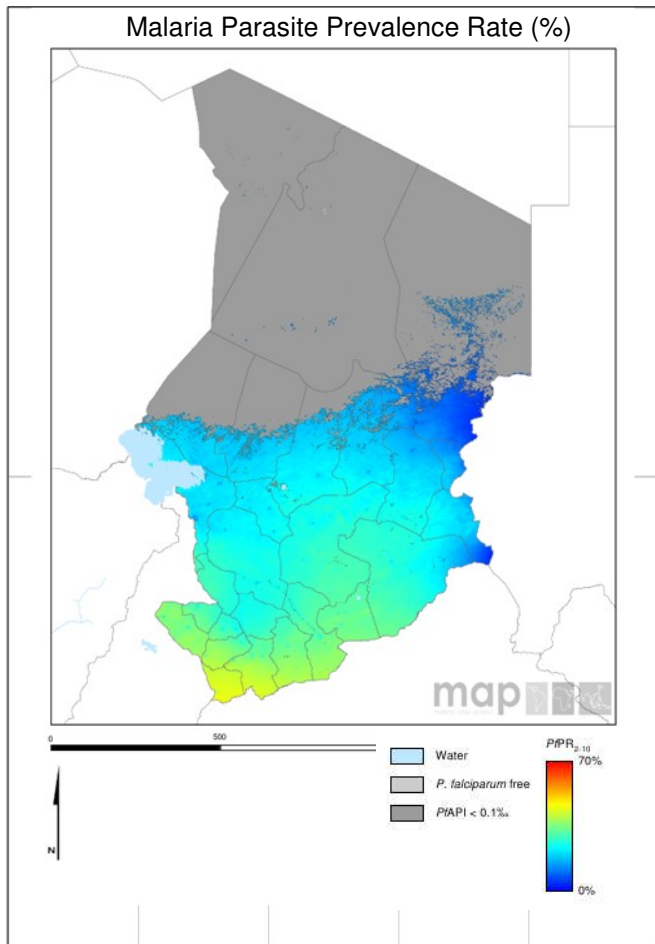


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria transmission in Chad is intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,962,372 with 2,088 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	87
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.7
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	2
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010-2017)	
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010-2017)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)	65
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	45
Estimated % of children (0-14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	18
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	20
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	16
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	1
Vitamin A Coverage 2016 (2 doses)	0
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	41

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data
	Not applicable

## Malaria

### Progress

Chad has secured the resources for the required LLINs, RDTs and most of the ACTs required for 2019. The country has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve operational universal coverage. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Scorecard. Chad has decreased the estimated malaria mortality rate by more than 40% since 2010.

### Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,962,372 with 2,088 deaths.

### Key Challenges

- Weak health information system.
- Insufficient resources to fully implement the national strategic plan.

### Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector Control	Given the reported mosquito resistance to 2 classes of insecticide, urgently finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		Chad developed the plan for the monitoring and management of insecticide resistance
Vector Control	Report on the status of insecticide resistance monitoring to WHO	Q3 2018		Chad has detected resistance to pyrethroids and DDT. Insufficient funds have delayed the monitoring of resistance of carbamates

## RMNCAH and NTDs

### Progress

Chad has enhanced tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Chad is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Chad is high for trachoma (92%), good for Lymphatic Filariasis (68%) and Onchocerciasis (66%), 58% for Schistosomiasis and low for soil transmitted helminths (48%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Chad in 2017 is 65, which represents a very substantial increase compared with the 2016 index value (10).

## Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
NTDs	a) As a priority, submit the data on Preventive Chemotherapy (PC) coverage of Schistosomiasis, Onchocerciasis and Lymphatic Filariasis to WHO	Q1 2019		The country has submitted data on Preventive Chemotherapy coverage of Schistosomiasis, Onchocerciasis and Lymphatic Filariasis and has achieved high coverage
	b) Determine the areas where Onchocerciasis has been eliminated sub-nationally to identify if there are areas where MDA may potentially be stopped. Additionally, determine if the prevalence of Soil Transmitted Helminths (STH) is less than 20%, which would allow treatment on a case by case basis	Q3 2019		Chad is conducting an integrated preventive chemotherapy campaign for Onchocerciasis, Lymphatic Filariasis, Soil Transmitted Helminths and Schistosomiasis in the areas where Onchocerciasis and Lymphatic Filariasis are endemic

Chad has responded positively to the recommended actions for skilled birth attendants, vitamin A, exclusive breastfeeding, ART coverage in children and postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

### Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due