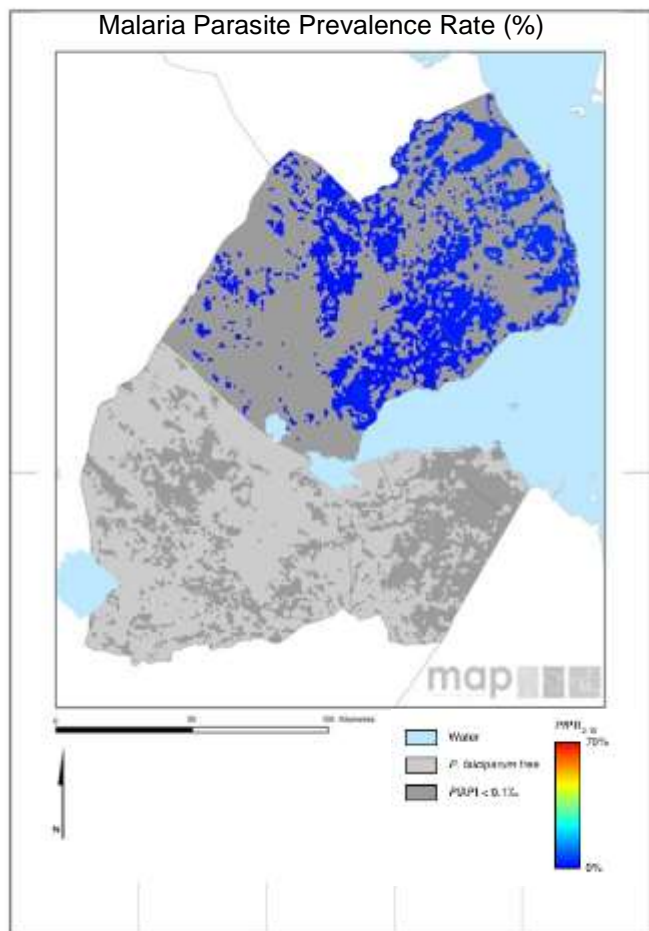


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2018 projection (% of need)	0
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2016 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.7
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	2
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of ICCM (2017)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Reduced Malaria Incidence by >40% by 2020 (vs 2015) (projected)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2016)	3
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	26
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	8
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	87
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	12
Vitamin A Coverage 2015 (2 doses)	72
DPT3 coverage 2016 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	68

Nearly 50% of the population of Djibouti is at low risk of malaria, while the remaining in the desert is free of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 13,804.

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data
	Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Djibouti has secured sufficient resources to fund the ACTs and RDTs required for 2018. The country has distributed sufficient LLINs to achieve universal coverage. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO.

Key challenges

- Increases in malaria cases have been experienced in the country since 2015.
- Lack of resources to fully implement vector control 2018-2020.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 13,804. With the overall increase in the estimated malaria incidence between 2010 and 2016, WHO projects that the country will record an increase in malaria incidence by 2020.

New Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Impact	Investigate and address the reasons for the increase in malaria cases	Q4 2018
Funding	Work to fill resource gaps to sustain universal coverage of vector control	Q4 2018

MNCH and NTDs

Progress

Djibouti has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH intervention skilled birth attendants.





Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Djibouti is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Djibouti is high for trachoma (100%), but low for soil transmitted helminths (0%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Djibouti in 2016 is 3, which represents a substantial decrease compared with the 2015 index value (32).

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Identify and address reasons for the decrease in coverage of DPT3	Q2 2018		Deliverable not yet due
NTDs	Work to return the Soil Transmitted Helminth Preventive Chemotherapy coverage levels to those of 2015	Q4 2018		The country reports that it has been advised by WHO to conduct mapping of Soil Transmitted Helminths in 2018

Djibouti has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and coverage has recently increased, but the country continues to track progress as this action is implemented. Djibouti has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing lack of data on postnatal care coverage and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA