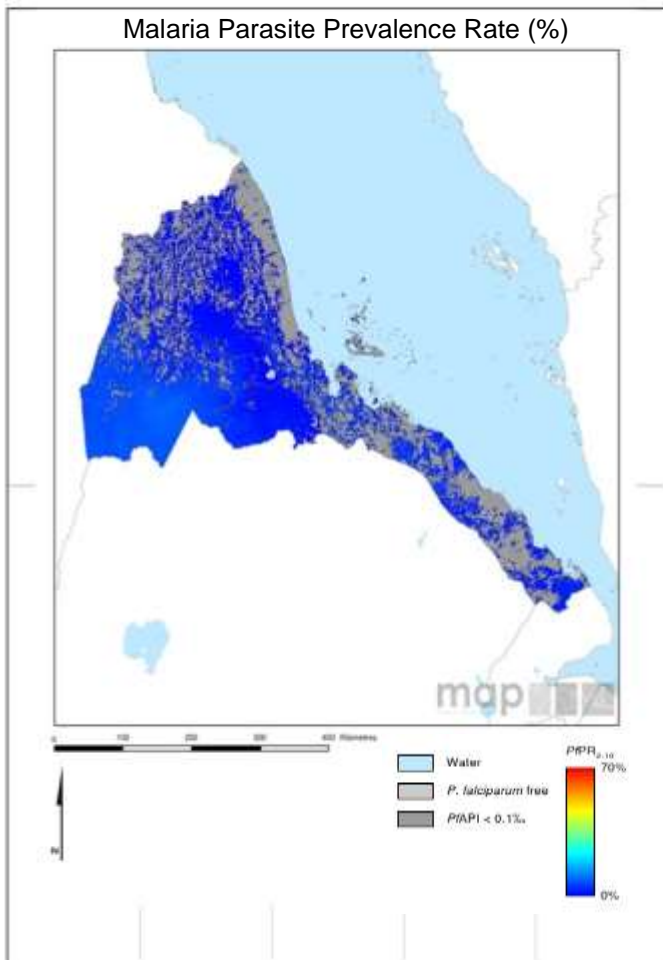


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2018 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2016 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.3
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	2
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of ICCM (2017)	
Operational LLINIRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Reduced Malaria Incidence by >40% by 2020 (vs 2015) (projected)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %) (2016)	31
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	59
Estimated % of children (0-14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	33
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	34
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	5
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	69
Vitamin A Coverage 2015 (2 doses)	51
DPT3 coverage 2016 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	95

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 47,055 with 21 deaths.

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data
	Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Eritrea has secured sufficient financing to maintain universal coverage of key anti-malarial interventions in 2018. The country has scaled up implementation of iCCM. Eritrea has recently increased coverage of vector control with 100% operational coverage. The country completed the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 47,055 with 21 deaths. The country experienced a more than 20% increase in malaria cases between 2015 and 2016, and investigating and addressing the key underlying reason for this upsurge will be a key priority for 2018.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Impact	Investigate and address the reasons for the WHO estimated increase of greater than 20% in the malaria incidence rate between 2015 and 2016	Q4 2018		Eritrea observed the increase in malaria cases in 2016. This was partly attributed to higher rainfall between June and August. Additionally, the country has been impacted by the mutation of HRP-2 gene leading to the withdrawal of HRP-2 detecting RDTs leading in 2016 to health providers treating suspected malaria cases based on clinical diagnosis and contributing to the inflated number of cases reported from health facilities and community health workers. Preliminary reports indicate that the number of cases significantly reduced in 2017

Eritrea has responded positively to the previous recommended action addressing CPIA cluster D and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented. The country has responded positively to the recommended action on reporting of insecticide resistance data to WHO and plans to report data to WHO in 2018.

MNCH and NTDs

Progress





Eritrea has achieved good coverage of the tracer MNCH interventions of DPT3, and exclusive breastfeeding.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Eritrea is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, schistosomiasis, and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Eritrea is 31% for lymphatic filariasis (31%) and 52% for schistosomiasis. Coverage for trachoma is low (18%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Eritrea in 2016 is 31, which represents an improvement compared with the 2015 index value (3).

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Eritrea has responded positively to the MNCH recommended actions addressing low coverage of skilled birth attendants, ARTs in children under 14 years of age and postnatal care. The country continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due