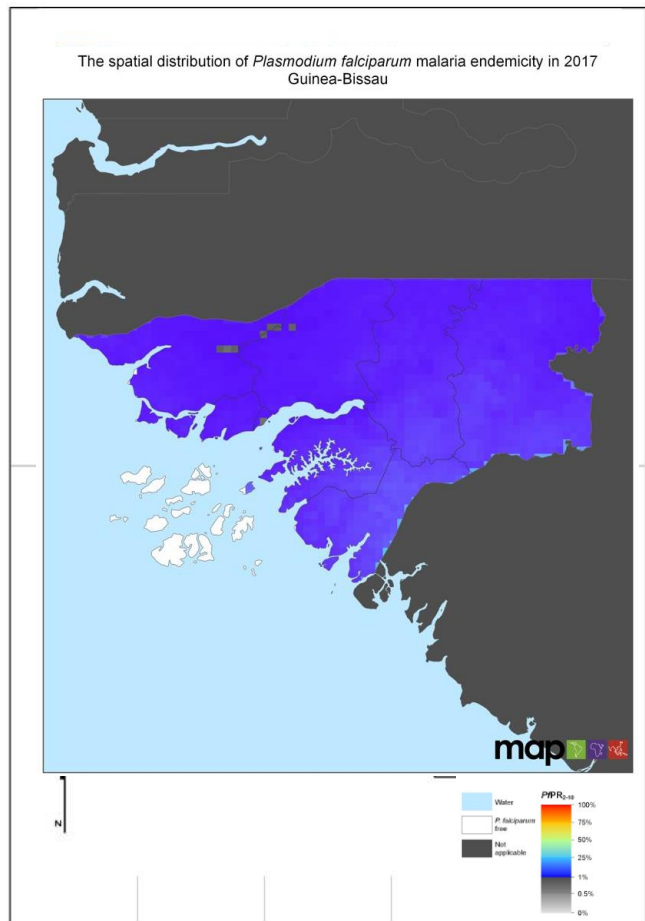


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100	Target achieved or on track
Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100	Target achieved or on track
Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100	Target achieved or on track
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2018 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.0	Not on track
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact		
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		No data
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO		Not on track
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		Not on track
Country Reporting Launch of Zero Malaria Starts with Me Campaign		Not applicable
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)		Target achieved or on track
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	▲ 100	Target achieved or on track
On track to reduce case incidence by ≥40% by 2020 (vs 2015)		Not on track
On track to reduce case mortality by ≥40% by 2020 (vs 2015)		Progress but more effort required
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs		
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2018)	▲ 32	Progress but more effort required
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	33	Not on track
Estimated % of children (0-14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	6	Not on track
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	46	Not on track
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	48	Progress but more effort required
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	53	Target achieved or on track
Vitamin A Coverage 2017 (2 doses)	95	Target achieved or on track
DPT3 coverage 2018 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	88	Progress but more effort required

The entire population of Guinea-Bissau is at risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2018 was 171 075 with 244 deaths.

Key

Target achieved or on track	Target achieved or on track
Progress but more effort required	Progress but more effort required
Not on track	Not on track
No data	No data
Not applicable	Not applicable

Malaria

The Global Fund

The Global Fund has announced that Guinea-Bissau will receive €51.1 million for HIV, tuberculosis, malaria, and health systems strengthening as the country allocation for 2021-2023. The Global Fund has determined the total allocation amount based on Guinea-Bissau's disease burden and income level, as well as several other factors. The malaria component is also allocated a specific proportion of the total, according to a formula developed by the Global Fund that takes into account several factors, including disease burden and previous disbursements. For Guinea-Bissau this is calculated at €24.7 million. The allocations to the individual disease components are not fixed, and can be adjusted according to decisions made at country level. Guinea-Bissau is urged to ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control from the overall Global Fund country allocation, as well as from domestic resources, to accelerate progress.

Progress

Guinea-Bissau secured sufficient resources to sustain coverage of LLINs, ACTs, RDTs and LLINs in 2019. The country has also scaled up iCCM implementation. The country has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve operational universal coverage of the targeted at risk population.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2018 was 171,075 with 244 deaths.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector Control	Provide an update to WHO on mosquito insecticide resistance status, carry out insecticide resistance testing and develop and implement a national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		The country is receiving support from WHO to finalise the planning for monitoring and management of insecticide resistance, as well as for entomological monitoring

New Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Impact	Investigate and address the reasons for the increase in estimated malaria incidence between 2015 and 2018	Q4 2020
Address funding	Ensure the GF malaria funding application is submitted by Q2 2020 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years	Q2 2020

RMNCAH and NTDs

Progress

The country has achieved high coverage of the tracer RMNCAH intervention of exclusive breastfeeding and vitamin A.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Guinea-Bissau is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Guinea-Bissau is very good for schistosomiasis (100%), soil transmitted helminths (83%) and good for

lymphatic filariasis (65%). Preventive chemotherapy for onchocerciasis is slightly below WHO target (64%) and very low for trachoma (1%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Guinea-Bissau in 2018 is 32, which represents substantial increase compared with the 2017 index value (20).

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
NTDs	Based on the recent entomology results, investigate if some geographical areas may be ready to stop MDA for Onchocerciasis	Q3 2019		The country completed the Onchocerciasis and Lymphatic Filariasis campaign in Gabu region in October and in Bafatu in December and had scheduled the schistosomiasis and Soil Transmitted Helminth campaigns for November 2019 but funds have not yet been approved. Regarding trachoma, the campaign was completed in the Bijagos health area
RMNCAH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Investigate and address the reasons for the decreasing coverage of ARTs in children under 14 years of age	Q2 2020		Deliverable not yet due

Guinea Bissau has responded positively to the RMNCAH recommended actions addressing low coverage of skilled birth attendants, ARTs in the total population (with recent increases in ART coverage reported) and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

¹ RMNCAH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO