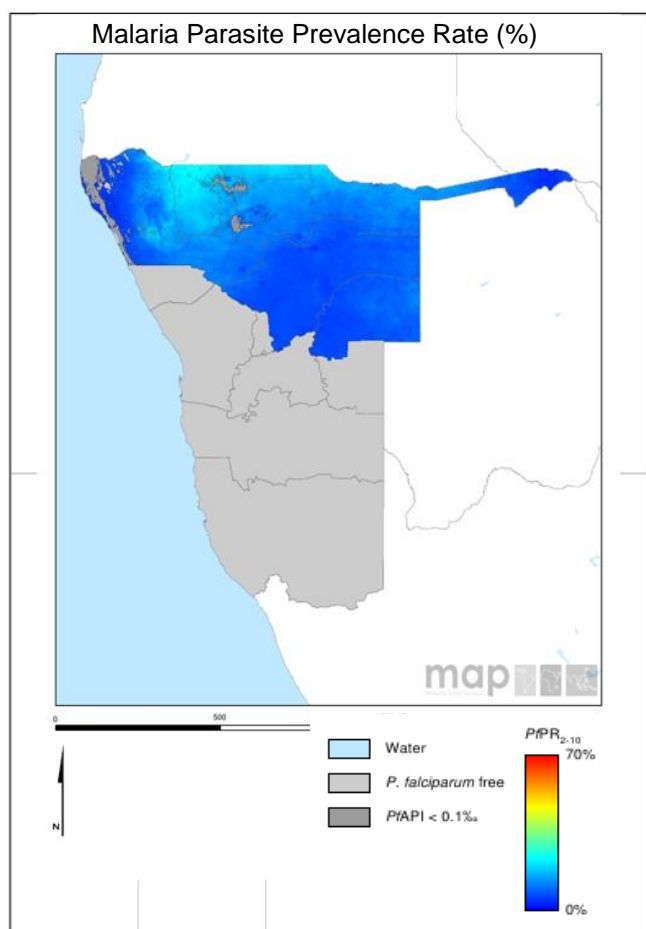


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria transmission is confined to the north-east part of Namibia where malaria is endemic and about 72% of the population of the country is at risk. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 66,505 with 57 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
IRS financing 2018 (% of at-risk population)		100
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)		100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)		
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact		
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		0
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO		
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)		
IRS Operational Coverage (%)		85
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010–2017)		
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010–2017)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs		
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)		
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)		84
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)		76
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		88
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		69
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		48
Vitamin A Coverage 2016 (2 doses)		22
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)		88

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data
	Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Namibia secured sufficient funding for the required number of ACTs, RDTs and IRS for 2018. The country has also achieved high IRS coverage. Namibia enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Elimination Scorecard. The country is collaborating with Angola through the Trans-Kunene Cross-border Malaria Initiative. A plan of action was signed by both Ministers of Health for collaboration on all aspects of malaria control including information exchange, joint coordination, synchronisation of operations, harmonization of policies and joint advocacy. Namibia is also a member of the Elimination 8 Initiative.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 66,505 with 57 deaths. The country had an overall increase in the estimated malaria incidence between 2010 and 2017.

Key Challenges

- Maintaining malaria high on the political and funding agenda.
- The increase in malaria incidence and mortality rates projected by WHO.
- Gaps in funding for LLINs

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Optimise quality of care	Ensure the IRS programme is fully implemented before the beginning of the malaria season	Q4 2018		IRS commenced on schedule but the country faced some delays in the completion of the IRS campaign due to the mis-routing of the insecticide

Namibia has responded positively to the recommended action addressing the lack of data on iCCM and continues to strengthen access to treatment of malaria, pneumonia and diarrhea.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Impact	Investigate and address the reasons for the increase in estimated malaria incidence and malaria mortality rates between 2010 and 2017	Q4 2019

MNCH and NTDs

Progress

Namibia has good coverage of the tracer MNCH intervention skilled birth attendants and ART coverage in the total population. The country has enhanced tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Namibia is shown using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for schistosomiasis and soil transmitted helminths. The country has not reported on their NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage in 2017 to WHO.





Previous Key Recommended Actions

Namibia has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing the low coverage of vitamin A and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
NTDs	Clarify the epidemiology of Schistosomiasis and Soil Transmitted Helminths in the country, and work to build a preventive chemotherapy programme in line with WHO recommendations	Q4 2019

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due