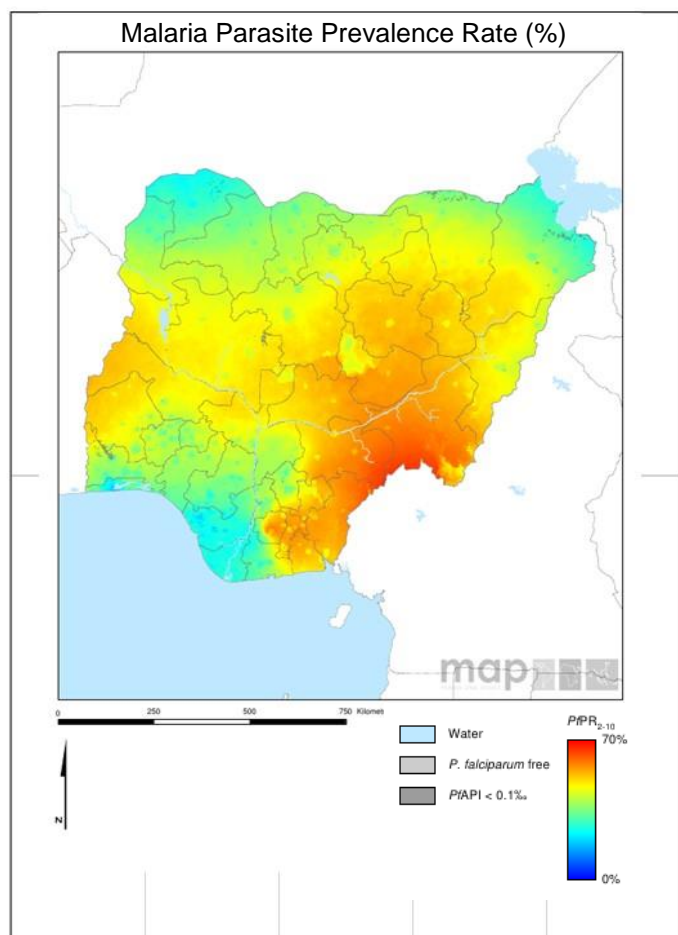


# Nigeria ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Four, 2018



## Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria transmission in Nigeria takes place all year round in the south but is more seasonal in the northern regions. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 18,690,954 cases.

### Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2018 projection (% of need)	64	Progress but more effort required
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	93	Target achieved or on track
Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	26	Not on track
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.8	Progress but more effort required
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact		
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	4	Not on track
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO		Target achieved or on track
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		Target achieved or on track
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)		Progress but more effort required
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	66	Progress but more effort required
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010–2017)		Progress but more effort required
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010–2017)		Target achieved or on track
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs		
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)	60	Target achieved or on track
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	33	Not on track
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	26	Not on track
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	43	Not on track
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	37	Not on track
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	23	Not on track
Vitamin A Coverage 2016 (2 doses)	56	Progress but more effort required
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	42	Progress but more effort required

### Key

Target achieved or on track	Target achieved or on track
Progress but more effort required	Progress but more effort required
Not on track	Not on track
No data	No data
Not applicable	Not applicable

## Malaria

### Progress

Nigeria has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO and has recently finalised the development of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan. Nigeria has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Scorecard. Nigeria has decreased the estimated malaria mortality rate by more than 40% since 2010.

### Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 18,690,954.

### Key Challenges

- Funding gaps to achieve and sustain universal coverage of all malaria interventions in 2018-2020.
- Mobilising sufficient domestic resources to meet the Global Fund incentive funding requirements.

## MNCH and NTDs

### Progress

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Nigeria is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Nigeria is good for onchocerciasis (80%), for schistosomiasis (74%), for soil transmitted helminths (71%), for lymphatic filariasis (62%). The coverage is low for trachoma (30%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Nigeria in 2017 is 60, which represents a substantial increase compared with the 2016 index value (48).

### Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH <sup>1</sup> : Optimise quality of care	a. Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs in the total population and in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017		Nigeria has increased ART coverage in the total population by 2%. Nigeria has developed a national paediatric ART acceleration plan aligned to 90-90-90 (2016-2018/9) and has shifted policy to Test-and-Treat for all children and Option B+ for PMTC T. HIV programme integration is ongoing within routine child health care tools for iCCM. The planned prevalence survey in 2018 will allow better targeting and programming moving forward

<sup>1</sup> MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH <sup>1</sup> : Optimise quality of care	b. Investigate and address the reasons for the decreasing coverage of postnatal care	Q4 2018		No progress reported
	c. Investigate and address the reasons for the reported decrease in vitamin A coverage	Q2 2019		Deliverable not yet due

Nigeria has responded positively to the MNCH recommended actions addressing low coverage of skilled birth attendants and exclusive breastfeeding, and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

### Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

<sup>1</sup> MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA