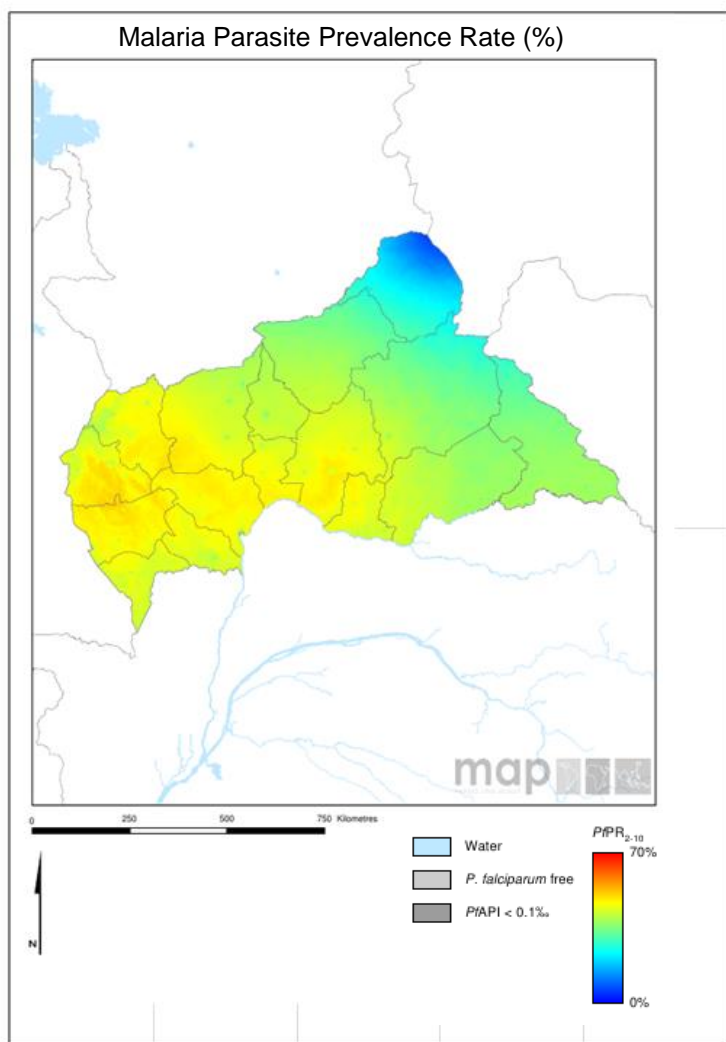


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Metrics

Policy and Financial Control	
Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2015)	Target achieved or on track
Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015)	Target achieved or on track
Community case management (Malaria)(2015)	Target achieved or on track
World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.2
Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact	
LLIN financing 2015 projection (% of need)	No data/Not applicable
Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of need)	No data/Not applicable
Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of need)	No data/Not applicable
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
On track in 2013 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000)	No data/Not applicable
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health	
PMTCT coverage 2013 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs)	33
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	54
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	34
Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses)	83
DPT3 coverage 2012 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)	47
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	No data/Not applicable

There is intense malaria transmission all year round in the Central African Republic and the entire population of the country is at high risk. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 407,131 with 1,026 deaths.

Key

Target achieved or on track
Progress but more effort required
Not on track
No data/Not applicable

Progress

Central African Republic has established a policy for Community Case Management of malaria and more recently, pneumonia. The country has also banned the import and sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. The universal coverage campaign for LLINs is rolling out and will result in universal coverage of at risk populations. The country has made good progress in the tracer MNCH intervention of vitamin A coverage. Central African Republic was awarded the 2015 ALMA Awards for Excellence in Implementation of Vector Control and for Most Improved in Malaria Control.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 407,131 with 1,026 deaths.

Key Challenge

- Limited access to some at-risk populations is hampering malaria coverage.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address funding	Ensure the GF New Funding Model concept note is submitted by Q2 2015 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years	Q2 2015		Deliverable not yet due but the country has begun to work on the GF New Funding Model concept note for submission in July
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	a) Prioritise the collection of postnatal care data	Q1 2013		No progress reported
	b) Identify and address reasons for decreasing DPT3 coverage	Q2 2015		Deliverable not yet due

Central African Republic has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of PMTCT and exclusive breastfeeding and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA/IERG