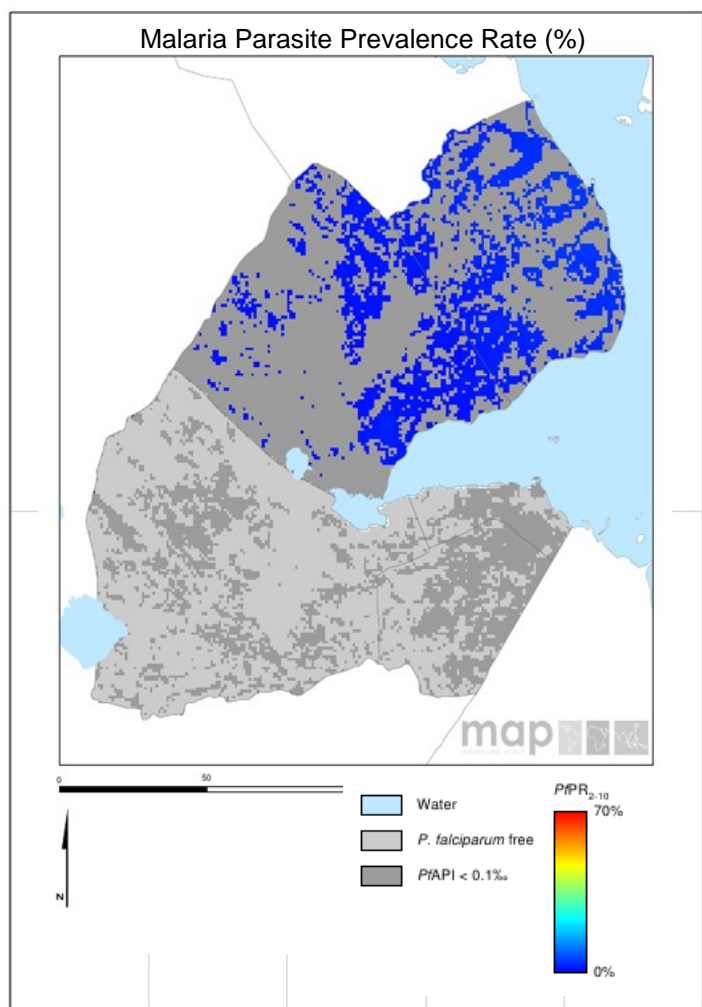


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Nearly 50% of the population of Djibouti is at low risk of malaria, while the remaining in the desert is free of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,684 with 17 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2015 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.7
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	0
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	71
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health	
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	21
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	8
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	87
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	12
Vitamin A Coverage 2014 (2 doses)	
DPT3 coverage 2015 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	84

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data/Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Djibouti has secured sufficient resources to fund the ACTs, RDTs and LLINs required for 2016.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,684 with 17 deaths. No new data have been reported for 2014. WHO, through modeling, projects that Djibouti has achieved a 50%–75% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector control	Given the reported mosquito resistance urgently finalise and implement a national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q2 2017		Deliverable not yet due
Enact high level policy and strategy change	Improve rule-based governance, quality of budgetary and financial management, efficiency of revenue mobilisation, quality of public administration, and transparency and accountability in the public sector	Q3 2013		No progress reported

Djibouti has responded positively to the recommended action addressing iCCM scale up and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

MNCH

Progress





Djibouti has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH interventions, skilled birth attendants and DPT3.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	a) Identify and address reasons for decreasing skilled birth attendant coverage	Q4 2016		Deliverable not yet due
	b) Identify and address underlying reasons for the decreasing coverage of vitamin A	Q3 2016		Deliverable not yet due
	c) Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs in the total population and in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017		Deliverable not yet due but Djibouti has increased ART coverage by 4% in the total population and by 3% in children. The country is training service providers and specifically midwives have been trained and supported to perform rapid testing during antenatal and postnatal consultations and to propose initiation of ART. Community awareness-raising is being enhanced. Provision of testing is being scaled up through VCT and as part of specific interventions such as PMTCT, blood donation, and community mobilisation

Djibouti has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and coverage has recently increased, but the country continues to track progress as this action is implemented. Djibouti has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing low coverage of postnatal care and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA