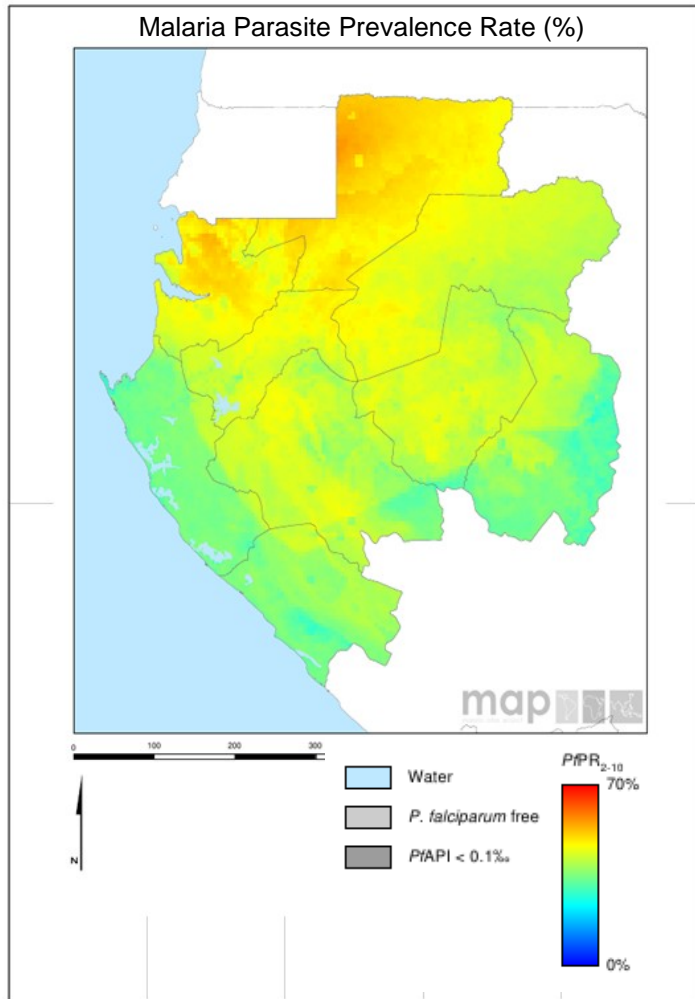


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



The entire population of Gabon is at high risk for malaria. Transmission is intense throughout the year in the northern part of the country and more seasonal in the south. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 185,996 with 159 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	0
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2015 (CPIA Cluster D)	
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of ICCM (2013)	
Operational LLINIRS coverage (% of at risk population)	5
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health	
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	58
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	52
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	89
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	59
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	6
Vitamin A Coverage 2014 (2 doses)	
DPT3 coverage 2015 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	▲ 80

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data/Not applicable

## Gabon ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Three, 2016



### Malaria

#### Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 185,996 with 159 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

#### Key Challenge

- Insufficient resources to achieve high coverage of essential malaria interventions.

#### Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address vector control coverage	Address falling vector control coverage	Q1 2014		No progress reported
Vector Control	Report on the status of both insecticide resistance and resistance monitoring and finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		Deliverable not yet due

Gabon has responded to the recommended actions addressing financing of anti-malarial commodities and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

#### New Key Recommended Action


Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Optimise quality of care	Provide data on the scale up iCCM implementation country wide	Q1 2017

## MNCH

### Progress





Gabon has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH interventions of skilled birth attendants and has recently increased coverage of DPT3.

### Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH <sup>1</sup> : Optimise quality of care	Identify and address reasons for decreasing DPT3 coverage	Q4 2016		Gabon has significantly increased DPT3 coverage to 80%

Gabon has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and lack of data on vitamin A and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

### Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

<sup>1</sup> MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA