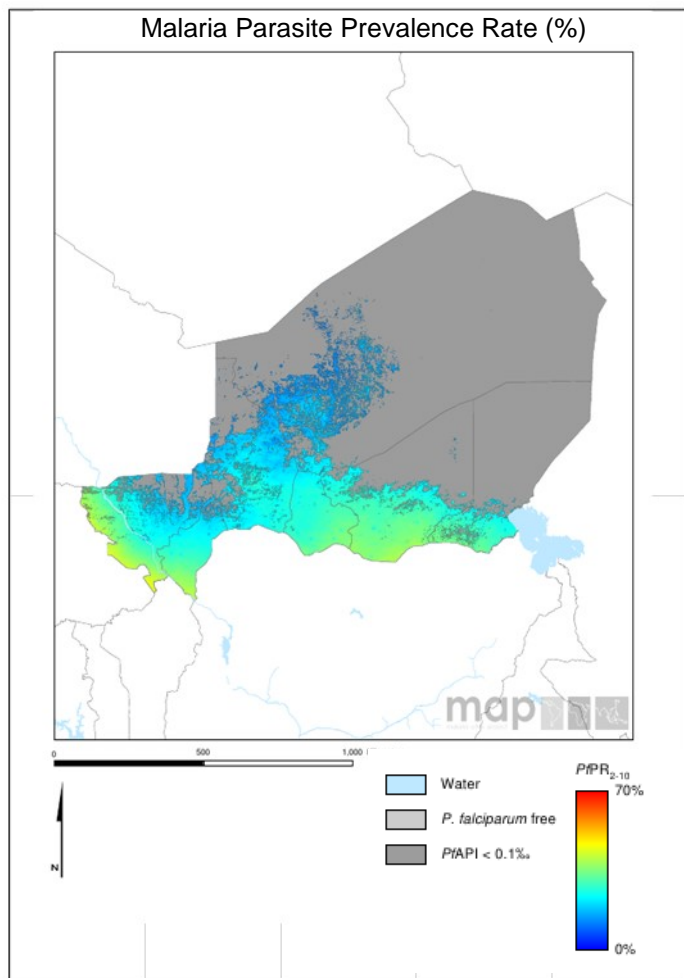


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria transmission is most intense in the south whilst the desert areas in the north are malaria-free. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 4,391,189 with 2,209 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100	Target achieved or on track
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	75	Progress but more effort required
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	95	Target achieved or on track
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D)	3.2	Progress but more effort required
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact		
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	2	Progress but more effort required
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO		No data/Not applicable
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		Not on track
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)		Progress but more effort required
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	84	Target achieved or on track
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015		Not on track
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)	22	Not on track
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)		No data/Not applicable
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	29	Not on track
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	37	Progress but more effort required
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	23	Not on track
Vitamin A Coverage 2013 (2 doses)	96	Target achieved or on track
DP T3 coverage 2014 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)	68	Progress but more effort required

Key

Target achieved or on track
Progress but more effort required
Not on track
No data/Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Niger has committed domestic resources to significantly close gaps in malaria intervention coverage and has sufficient financing to procure and distribute the LLINs required for 2016.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 4,391,189 with 2,209 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address Financing	Work to ensure there are sufficient resources to finance the ACTs and RDTs needed for universal coverage	Q2 2016		Deliverable not yet due

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Vector Control	Report to WHO on the status of insecticide resistance monitoring and prepare and implement a national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017

MNCH

Progress

The country has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH intervention, vitamin A. Niger has achieved MDG4 by reducing under-five child mortality by over two thirds since 1990.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Niger has responded positively to the MNCH recommended actions addressing low coverage of skilled birth attendants and exclusive breastfeeding, and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs and provide data on coverage in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA